#### МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ

### ХАРКІВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ЕКОНОМІЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ ІМЕНІ СЕМЕНА КУЗНЕЦЯ

"ЗАТВЕРДЖУЮ"

Заступник керівника

(проректор з науково-педагогічної роботи)

М.В. Афанасьєв

## КРОС-КУЛЬТУРНИЙ МЕНЕДЖМЕНТ

робоча програма навчальної дисципліни

Галузь знань Спеціальність Освітній рівень Освітня програма

07 «Управління та адміністрування» 073 «Менеджмент» перший (бакалаврський) «Бізнес-адміністрування»

Вид дисципліни Мова викладання, навчання та оцінювання

вибіркова англійська

Завідувач кафедри менеджменту та бізнесу

Лепейко Т.І.

Харків ХНЕУ ім. С. Кузнеця 2019

#### MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE

#### SIMON KUZNETS KHARKIV NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF ECONOMICS

#### **Cross-cultural management**

Syllabus of the discipline

Branch of knowledge 07 «Management and administration»

Speciality 073 «Management» Study level first (bachelor )

Study program «Business-administration»

Type of discipline basic
Language of teaching, study and assessment English

Head of management and business department Lepeyko T.I.

Kharkiv, KhNEU 2019

# APPROVED at the meeting of management and business department Protocol № 1 from 29.08.2019 p.

Developer (s):

Blyznyuk T.P., phD, associate professor of management and business department

# Renewal and approval list of Syllabus of the discipline

Study year	Date of the meeting of the department of syllabus	Number of Protocol	Signature of the head of the department

#### 1. Introduction

The discipline abstract: Cross-cultural management is the management of relations that arise at the border of national and organizational cultures, the study of the causes of intercultural conflicts and their neutralization, clarification and use in the management of the organization the patterns of behavior that is inherent in national business culture. Effective cross-cultural management means gathering of representatives of other cultures conducting business based on recognition and respect for cross-cultural differences and formation of a common corporate value system that would be perceived and recognized by each member of the multinational team.

**The discipline purpose**: is the formation of a cross-cultural approach to doing business in the current conditions of globalization in order to increase the effectiveness of managerial interaction of representatives of different national cultures.

Course	3	
Semester	6	
Number of credits ECTS	4	
Classes	lectures	30
Classes	seminars, practices	30
Individual work		60
Form of final control	credit	

Structural and logical scheme of study of the discipline:

Previous disciplines	Following disciplines		
Organization theory	Strategic management		
World Economy and International	Decision making and implementation		
Economic Relations	of management decisions		
Management	Human resources management		
Socio-economic history of Ukraine			
Business Ethics			

2. Competences and learning outcomes of the discipline:

2. Competences and rearring outcomes of the disorpine.					
Competences	Learning outcomes				
Ability to solve problematic situations in multinational teams	Demonstrate the ability to act socially responsible and socially conscious based on ethical considerations, respect for diversity and interculturalism				
Ability to take into account the cross- cultural aspect when conducting business cooperation with foreign business partners;	Demonstrate communication, research, technological and cross-cultural skills needed to analyze business situations, prepare, substantiate and present management decisions				
Ability to take into account the peculiarities of national business cultures in order to increase the effectiveness of the organization in the conditions of globalization of economy;	Demonstrate knowledge of management theories, methods and functions, modern leadership concepts Identify skills for finding, collecting and analyzing information, calculating indicators to justify management decisions;				
Ability to justify management decisions taking into account the cross-cultural aspect	Apply quantitative and qualitative methods to substantiate effective management decisions in the international business environment				

#### 3. The program of the discipline

Content module 1. Conceptual approaches to cross-cultural management.

Topic 1. Evolution and main concepts of cross-cultural management.

Era of international business development. Main features of international business in an era of globalization. Factors affecting modern international business. Stages of the formation of cross-cultural management as an independent science. Main prerequisites for the emergence of cross-cultural management as an independent science. Continuums of modern research in the context of cross-cultural management. Analysis of the essence of the concept of "cross-cultural management". Interdisciplinary character of cross-cultural management. Levels of cross-cultural management. Evolution of paradigms in cross-cultural management. Comparative characteristics of the main paradigms in the first stage of the formation of cross-cultural management. Farmer-Richman management effectiveness model. The Negandhi-Prasada organization's performance model. EPRG model. Aspects of cross-cultural management.

Topic 2. The role of the phenomenon of "culture" in management.

Analysis of the essence of the concept of "culture". Approaches to determining the role of culture in international business. System of organizational culture in the context of the national component. Model T. Gladwin and V. Terpstr. Classification of personalities by values and interests. The value survey. Model of culture of F. Trompenaars and C. Hempden-Turner. Model of culture as "collective programming". Levels of human personality (mental programming by G. Hofstede). Iceberg model of E. Hall. Main functions of culture in society. Characteristics of culture in the context of cross-cultural management.

Topic 3. National culture in the conditions of globalization.

Concept of national culture. Main elements of national culture. Features of the process of communication under the influence of national culture. Main causes of violations of intercultural communications. Types of stereotypes. Influence of world religions on national culture.

Basic characteristics of interaction of different cultures. Components of the process of human ontogeny. Mechanisms of inculturation. Key features of acculturation strategies. Results of acculturation. Interaction with other cultures: developing core values and views. Factors that influence the duration of acculturation in the process of cross-cultural interaction of the individual. Cultural shock.

Content module 2. National business cultures: the practice of cultural interaction Topic 4. Classification of national culture.

Classification of Florence Kluckhohn and Fred Strodtbeck. Classification of Geert Hofstede. Classification of Edward and Mildred Hall. Classification of Richard D. Lewis. Classification of Simcha Ronen and Oded Shenkar. Classification of FonsTrompenaars and Charles Hampden-Turner. Classification of Richard R. Gesteland.

Topic 5. Organizational culture of a multinational organization.

Concept of organizational culture. Values of organizational culture of successful companies. Characteristics of organizational culture. Functions of organizational culture. Properties of organizational culture. Classification of organizational culture.

Topic 6. Motivation and leadership styles in different countries

The importance of work in different business cultures. Factors affecting attitude to work, national characteristics. Cross-cultural comparison of models of motivation in different countries. Motivation of culturally diverse staff. National specifics of promotion, training and retraining.

Characteristics of national leadership styles. Western and eastern variants of power organization. Different in perceptions of status and leadership. Factors influencing leadership effectiveness across cultures.

#### 4. Procedure for evaluating learning outcomes

The system of assessment of students' competences takes into account the types of classes that, according to the curriculum of the discipline, include lectures, seminars, practical classes, as well as the performance of independent work. Assessment of students' competences is based on a 100-point cumulative system. In accordance with the Provisional Regulation "On the procedure for evaluating the learning outcomes of students on the cumulative scoring system" S. Kuznets, control measures include:

current control, which is carried out during the semester during lectures, practical, seminars and is estimated by the sum of points scored (maximum amount - 100 points);

module control, conducted in the form of a colloquium as an intermediate mini-exam at the initiative of the teacher, taking into account the current control for the relevant content module and aims at an *integrated* assessment of the student's learning results after learning the material from the logically completed part of the discipline - the content module;

final / semester control, taken in the form of credit as the total number of points in the discipline (maximum - 100 points), is defined as the sum of points for the student's results in the current control, including the final complex control work (PKKR). The points obtained for the final complex control work (maximum points - 25) are added to the points for current

success (minimum points - 35). The credit is given on the results of the student's work throughout the semester.

The procedure for conducting an ongoing assessment of students' knowledge. Assessment of student's knowledge during seminars, practical classes and individual assignments is carried out according to the following criteria:

understanding, degree of understanding of the theory and methodology of the problems under consideration; the degree of mastering the actual material of the discipline; familiarization with the recommended literature as well as up-to-date literature on the issues under consideration; ability to combine theory with practice when considering situations; logic, structure, style of presentation of material in written works and in performances in the audience, ability to substantiate their position, to summarize information and draw conclusions; the ability to critically and independently evaluate specific issues; ability to explain alternative views and the presence of their own point of view, position on a certain problematic issue; application of analytical approaches; quality and clarity of reasoning; logic, structuring and validity of conclusions about a specific problem; independence of work performance; literacy of the material; the use of methods of comparison, generalization of concepts and phenomena; design work.

The general criteria for evaluating students' extra-curricular independent work are: depth and strength of knowledge, level of thinking, ability to systematize knowledge on separate topics, ability to make sound conclusions, possession of categorical apparatus, skills and techniques for performing practical knowledge, to carry out its systematization and processing, self-realization at practical and seminar classes.

**Final control** of knowledge and competences of students in the discipline is carried out on the basis of carrying out complex control work, the task of which is to test the student's understanding of the program material in general, logic and relationships between individual sections, the ability to creatively use the accumulated knowledge, the ability to formulate their attitude to a particular problem discipline, etc.

The credit is given on the results of the student's work throughout the semester as a general grade in the discipline is defined as the accumulation of points, in particular for active participation in lectures, completion of practical (seminar) tasks, homework, points for final control works, as well as for final control and independent work, student.

PKKR covers the discipline program and provides for the determination of students' level of knowledge and degree of competence.

Each version of PKKR consists of 3 practical situations, which provide the solution of typical professional tasks of a specialist in the workplace and allow to diagnose the level of theoretical training of the student and the level of his competence in the discipline. The SCRC performance score is scored in points (maximum score is 25) and added to the scores for current success (minimum score is 35).

A student should be considered **as certified** if the sum of points obtained on the results of the final / semester examination is equal to or exceeds 60.

The total score in semester points is: "60 or more points are counted", "59 and less points are not counted" and are recorded in the academic record "Achievement accounting".

# Distribution of scores by weeks

(indicate the means of assessment according to the technology card)

Topics of Content module		Lecture s	Practices	Topic tasks	Presentations	Final control work	Colloquium	Total	
	Topic 1	1 week	1	1					
Content module 1.	Topic 1	2 week	1	1		5			
npo	Tonio 2	3 week	1	1					
t m	Topic 2	4 week	1	1		5			
ntei	Topic 3	5 week	1	1					
ပိ		6 week	1	1					
		7 week	1	1		5		7	
		8 тиждень	1	1					
2.	Topic 4	9 тиждень	1	1					
dule		10 тиждень	1	1	5				
ы Б		11 тиждень	1	1					
Content module 2.	Topic 5	12 тиждень	1	1					
		13 тиждень	1	1	5				
	Tonic 6	14 тиждень	1	1				8	
Topic 6		15 тиждень	1	1	5				
Complex control work						25			
Total		15	15	15	15	25	15	100	

# Rating scale: national and ECTS

Sum of scores for all	Score ECTS	Score on a national scale			
kinds of educational activity		for exam, course project (work), practice	For credit		
90 – 100	Α	excellent			
82 – 89	В	good			
74 – 81	С	good	significant		
64 – 73	D	satisfactorily			
60 – 63	Е				
35 – 59	FX	unsatisfactorily	not significant		
1 – 34	F	unsatisfactorily	not significant		

#### 5. Recommended literature

#### Main

- 1. Бунина В. Г. Кросскультурный менеджмент и межкультурная коммуникация / В. Г. Бунина. М. : ГУУ, 2008. 128 с.
- 2. Гестеланд Р. Р. Кросс-культурное поведение в бизнесе. Маркетинговые исследования, ведение переговоров, менеджмент в различных культурах. / Р. Р. Гестеланд. Днепропетровск : ООО «Баланс-Клуб», 2003. 272 с.
- 3. Льюис Р. Д. Деловые культуры в международном бизнесе. От столкновения к взаимопониманию / Р. Д. Льюис. Пер с англ. 2-е изд. М. : Дело, 2001. 448 с.
- 4. Мясоедов С. П. Основы кросскультурного менеджмента. Как вести бизнес с представителями других стран и культур / С. П. Мясоедов. М. : Изд-во «ДЕЛО», 2008. 256 с.

#### Additional

- 5. Гуткевич С. О. Міжнародний менеджмент / С. О. Гуткевич, Г. В. Дмитренко, І. Г. Оніщенко, Ю. М. Сафонов. К. : Кафедра. 2015. 535 с.
- 6. Корженко В.В. Вплив національної культури на формування моделі управління: методики крос-культурного менеджменту / В. В. Корженко, Ж. А. Писаренко. // Актуальні проблеми державного управління. 2009. —№1 (35). [Електронний ресурс ]. Режим доступу: http://www.nbuv.gov.ua/portal/Soc\_Gum/Apdu/2009\_1/index.html.

#### Information resources on the Internet

- 7. Сайт ПНС ХНЕУ ім. С. Кузнеця [Електронний ресурс]. Режим доступу: https://pns.hneu.edu.ua/course/view.php?id=5108
- 8. R. Lewis Official Website [Online resource]. Access mode: http://blog.crossculture.com/.
- 9. G. Hofstede Official Website [Online resource]. Access mode: https://geert-hofstede.com.
- 10. Official site of F. Trompenaars and C. Hampden-Turner [Online resource]: Access mode: http://www2.thtconsulting.com/.